The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11 1900 XXXIX—NO 25

PAST FOUR SCORE.

Yet Mrs. Palmer Meets a Violent Death.

STRUCK BY A SHIFTER.

She Dies From Her Injuries Several Hours Later—The Rain Necessitated Early Closing of the Fair Last Evening—Other Canton News.

CANTON, Sept. 7.—Mrs. Margaret Palmer, 93 years of age, died at the Aultman hospital at 6:30 o'clock on Thursday evening, from injuries sustained in a railway crossing accident. Mrs. Palmer started to cross the Pennsylvania tracks at Second and Young streets, at about 4 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. A yard engine was working in the near vicinity, and whether Mrs. Palmer was not aware of its presence on account of the infirmities of old age or not, cannot be definitely stated. At any rate, the shifter running backwards into the freight yards from the east, and pushing a box car, struck her before she reached the opposite side of the tracks. Mrs. Palmer was thrown off the tracks violently and escaped being mangled under the wheels. She was badly crushed about various portions of her body, in addition to deep cuts and bruises, and but little hope of her recovery, on account of her advanced age, was entertained from the time that the accident occurred. She was removed in an ambulance to the Aultman hospital, where her death took place. Mrs. Palmer had been a resident of Canton for many years, and no relatives are known to survive her. The funeral will take place from her residence 1201 East Eighth street on Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, under the auspices of the Epworth League of the First M. E. church. Burial will take place in the West Lawn cemetery. There are no safety gates at the crossing where the accident occurred.

BOYS OF THE SIXTIES.

Reunion of the Survivors of Company F, Nineteenth.

J. H. Hunt went to Wilmot Friday to attend the annual reunion of the surviving members of Company F, Nineteenth O. V. I., which served throughout the civil war. Mr. Hunt was a member of Company A, of the Nineteenth, though for years he has had an honorary connection with the survivors of Company F. E. Gleitsman, of this city, who served as a member of Company F, was unable to be present at the reunion, owing to the serious illness of a relative. His comrades at Wilmot today express great regret upon learning of his absence. Mr. Gleitsman has missed but two reunions in the history of the survivors' association, the other being that which was held while he was abroad. Company F was organized in Wilmot. Mr. Gleitsman at the time being a resident of that village. Originally the company had 112 members. The survivors number 45.

The reunion Friday was as pleasant an occasion as all of its predecessors. There was a big feast at noon, with reminiscences, experience-stories and business talk before and after. The addresses of the day were delivered by the Rev. Mr. Scarboro, of Killbuck, and Attorney A. W. Agler, of Canton, both sons of veterans.

NEARBY TOWN NEWS

BAND REORGANIZED.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Sept. 7.—E. J. Sprankle has gone to Lakeside for his health.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Meiner, a son.

Miss Emma Crookston, of Massillon, spent last week with friends in town.

Miss Tillie Ries is ill with typhoid fever.

Postmaster and Mrs. A. W. Leonard have returned from Chicago.

Miss Dora Porr has left for her home in Albion, Mich.

Mrs. C. M. Leonard and Miss Mayme Crookston, of Massillon, visited friends in town Thursday.

Richard Krauser and Tom Crookston went to Mineral City, last week, to splice a cable rope in the mine of the Burton Company.

The Rolling Mill team, of Massillon, and the Millport team will play ball on Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Smith gave a farewell party at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Smith, in honor of her cousin, Miss Ovelyn Reed, of Denver, Col., who has won many friends during her visit here, all of whom were sorry to see her leave. The evening was pleasantly spent, and an elegant luncheon served to the thirty friends present. The guests departed at a late hour wishing their Western friend God-speed across the Rockies.

Mr. and Mrs. William Fashbaugh are visiting relatives in Chicago.

The Crystal Spring brass band was reorganized Sunday with a membership of twenty players and the possible assurance of four more. The officers elected are: Wm. Leonard, president and manager; Edward Rosche, vice president; Ph. Miesmer, secretary; Wm. Preece, treasurer; W. J. Ries, Charles Kullogovsky and Fred Molson, board of directors. W. K. Moore, of North Lawrence, has been engaged as instructor.

BEACH CITY'S BIG BOOM.

Foundation Completed for the Main Building of Rubber Works.

Citizens of Beach City, in Massillon yesterday, said that the Tuscorora Rubber Company, a new concern about to locate in their town, has the foundation for the main building of the works practically completed. The company expects to employ from fifty to one hundred and fifty people.

The canning factory at Beach City is in full operation, about seventy-five persons being employed. The tomato crop is said to be excellent this year.

NEWS OF CANTON.

Cantonians are Displeased with the Census.

SOME ALLEGE MISTAKES.

And There is Even Talk of Holding Another Count—The Phelps Funeral Arrangements—Arrangements for Youngstown Rally—Coal Dealers Have Their Troubles.

CANTON, Sept. 6.—The announcement by the U. S. census department that the population of Canton is only 30,667 is a sore blow to Cantonians who in the past have been ever ready to boast of the progressiveness of their city, and the disappointment over the figure is even greater than that which fell to the lot of Massillonians when the west end population leaked out. For many years past, especially since the campaign of '96, Cantonians have been wont to speak of their town as one of from forty-five to forty-eight thousand inhabitants, until the figure adopted by themselves was almost conceded them. By the figures of the census of 1900, however, it must be admitted that they labored under a cruel delusion, and that their prevarication, if their stories admit of such a name, were unintentional. The county seat residents must admit that they are way behind in the race with Akron and Youngstown. In 1890, the population of Canton was 26,189, an increase of over 113 per cent. during the decade ending that year. According to the figures of 1900, the population during the past ten years has increased but a little more than 17 per cent. It is held in some quarters that the census is incorrect, and it is said that councilmen are even talking of holding another census and setting the city aright before the eyes of the world.

The will has been filed for probate in the estate of the late U. D. Haverstack, of Bethlehem township. The deceased bequeaths all his property to his wife, Alice Haverstack, and appoints A. D. Metzger, of Richville, as his executor.

The coal dealers of Canton held an indignation meeting last night. It was called to discuss the action taken by the Car Service Association, of Cleveland, sending out an order which decreed that all cars delivered to Canton retail dealers must be unloaded in forty-eight hours. The dealers have heretofore been allowed ninety-six hours as the limit, while the wholesalers were given the two days. By the new arrangement the ninety-six hours which belonged to the retailers has been given to the wholesale dealers. What induced the order is not known unless it be that cars are scarce. The car association was asked to reconsider its order at the meeting.

County Treasurer T. H. Smith and City Clerk Ley effected their semi-annual settlement on Wednesday afternoon. The settlement shows a balance of over $80,000, credited to the various funds, in the city treasury.

The hearing has been held, and publication of notice for sale of real estate has been ordered in the estate of Albert Kohler, of Sugarcreek township.

The will has been admitted to probate and John Schott appointed executor in the estate of Margaret Schott, of Massillon.

A marriage license has been granted to Nicholas Zintsmaster and Carrie Kirk, of Navarre. The couple are aged 70 and 40 years respectively.

BEFORE THE BOARD.

Ten Applicants for Pensions Examined Wednesday.

The board of examiners of applicants for pensions, in the office of Dr. Garrigues, on Wednesday, did the greatest day's work in its history. Ten persons were examined. They came from Canton, Navarre, Magnolia and other parts of the county. None were from Massillon. Five felt entitled to pensions because of disabilities resulting from the service in the Spanish war. Several had done service in the regular army, and the remainder were men who had served in the civil war. Some were applicants for original pensions. Others asked for increases.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

BEATRICE C. EMMINGTON.

Beatrice Celestine Emmington, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Emmington, of North Mill street died this morning. The funeral will be held from St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock Friday morning.

Got a Headache?

Ask for Slusser's Headache Tablets. Absolutely harmless. Six doses, 10c. Sold by all druggists.

PROFITS NOT LARGE

Labor Picnic Receipts Little Above Expenses.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY NEWS

The Grocers' Side of the Matter of Paper Sacks—Say They are a Necessity and Feel the Consumer Should Bear the Expense of Them—Blacksmiths on Organization.

The Trades and Labor Assembly's officers say that no statement of the receipts of the recent picnic will be made to the public. They admit, however, that the amount taken in is sufficient to pay all expenses. It was expected that the fireworks display on Monday evening would greatly augment the receipts, but in this they were disappointed. The greater part of the large gathering of spectators did not gain admission through the gate where tickets were sold.

THOSE HEAVY PAPER SACKS.

The Trades and Labor Assembly committee which was requested to oppose the use of heavy paper sacks in the parcelling of merchandise by local grocers, has not called on all business men yet. "We use these heavy sacks only to contain granulated sugar," remarked a local grocer, today. "We would not use them at such times if consumers would send buckets for their sugar. Thin sacks break too easily to be used, particularly as we are held responsible for the delivery of the goods. If customers would assume this responsibility we would be willing to use sacks of tissue paper. The sack which we use for sugar displaces a trifle less than a quarter of a cent's worth of the article. It is a rule the country over for sugar to be weighed in the sacks, and, inasmuch as sugar is selling very closely, we believe that the consumer, if he wants a heavy paper used to insure the safe delivery of his goods, should pay for it. These sacks cost about the amount represented by their displacement of sugar."

NO UNION FOR THEM.

The effort to organize a union among the blacksmiths and horseshoers of the city is not meeting with great success. They say they have been unionized so many times without any good resulting that they have no desire to try again. Inasmuch as most of the local smiths own their shops, laboring men say that it would be more of a trust than a union, particularly as the prime object would be the upholding of prices charged the public rather than the wages paid mechanics. "Time and time again," remarked one blacksmith yesterday, "we've organized, agreed to pay certain wages and to charge certain prices. Just as often, too, some one has jumped over the traces and cut all to pieces. Hereafter I shall paddle my own canoe. Shoeing is being done for various prices. I know of cases as low as 80 cents. I hold out for $1.40."

HIGH WATERS.

Monday's Storm Causes Much Damage Near Canal Dover.

H. H. Pierce, writing from Canal Dover to the Lorain Herald, thus describes the damage resulting from Monday's storm:

"Cloud burst and consequent heavy rain fall caused considerable damage in this vicinity last night. The C., L. & W. suffered most. About one mile north of Canal Dover, the "Calico" ditch broke its banks in three places washing everything before it, carrying 550 feet of the main track 200 feet from the road bed west into a field, taking trees and telegraph poles with it. No trains are yet passing the washout. All traffic is suspended until track is repaired. No lives lost. The country roads show evidences of high water, one place, about two miles north of here, the road is covered by three feet of water. The C., L. & W. passenger train No. 8 leaving here at 7:05 p. m. north bound went by the first two breaks safely, but was stopped at the third. The train is now between two of the washouts. The Ohio canal broke its banks about a mile east of town between locks 12 and 13. A breach of thirty feet is still growing larger. A private steamer, a pleasure boat, containing sixteen passengers, plying on the canal, was carried through the break and stranded in a meadow one-fourth of a mile from the canal. The passengers jumped for the bank and made land safely. One had a hard struggle, but finally was rescued. The canal banks show high water and inside of a mile there are a dozen places where the water overflowed. Water is slowly falling, but it will be some time before the damage can be repaired. The canal boat, J. M. Evans, had a narrow escape and just succeeded in getting through lock 13 before being caught in the rush of water."

The progressive nations of the world are the great food consuming nations. Good food well digested gives strength. If you cannot digest all you eat, you need Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat. You need not diet yourself. It contains all of the digestants combined with the best known tonics and reconstructives. It will even digest all classes of foods in a bottle. No other preparation will do this. It instantly relieves and quickly cures all stomach troubles. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples, 189 W. Tremont street.

DYNAMITING AT THE DAM.

Irresponsible Wretches Ruining Big Sandy Fishing.

William Hodnot and Edward Thackwell, who have just returned from a fishing expedition down the Tuscarawas and up the Big Sandy rivers, say their total catch is eighty pounds. The heaviest fish was a shovel-head, weighing 10 pounds. Few bass were caught. Mr. Hodnot says that fishing at the Sandy dam has been ruined by dynamiters. Late this month Mr. Hodnot will leave for the Tuscarawas river state dam, in whose vicinity he expects to fish until in early December.

FEES MANY AND FAT

Principal Feature of a Rural Legal Fight.

S. PERSKY IS A PARTY.

The Former Distinguished Mass Ilon ian Serves as Plaintiff, Defendant, Witness and Officer of the Court, all in One Day—Result of an Effort to Make Him Disgorge—Other Cases.

Attorneys Eggert and Hemperly, of this city, are concerned in a situation in Lawrence township courts that is unprecedented. Samuel Persky, of North Lawrence, formerly of this city, conducts a grocery, is constable of the township, and, it is alleged, owes much money. Mr. Persky claims he has not a dollar in the world. The store, he says, is the property of Jacob Robinivitz, a Massachusetts man. Some of Mr. Persky's obligations are said to be of long standing, particularly those of the Zone Oil Company, of Cleveland, and John Reinoehl, of West Brookfield, now in the hands of Lawyer Hemperly for collection.

Mr. Hemperly opened the ball by suing these accounts in Lawrence township courts and obtaining judgments. Constable William H. Williams, of Canal Fulton, upon the arrival of goods for the Persky store at North Lawrence levied upon them and carried them to Canal Fulton in two wagons.

Mr. Robinivitz, with Mr. Eggert as his attorney, began a replevin action before 'Squire Moulton, of Canal Fulton, for the recovery of the merchandise, claiming that it belongs to him, not Persky. The case will be tried next Tuesday.

Among the merchandise seized by Constable Williams was a quantity of meat which, it is alleged, really belonged to Samuel Persky, who claims that it is now unfit for market. He therefore brings suit against the constable to recover alleged damages in the amount of $50.

With this consignment, it is said, was also some meat for Farmer Brothers, of North Lawrence, who will also begin a damage suit against the hapless Williams.

Lawrence township has three constables, and all are concerned in the various cases herein spoken of. In some of the suits Constable Persky served papers upon himself. He has had the rare experience of being plaintiff, defendant, witness and officer of the court all in one day. People who have been up against the law say that the court costs and fees of the cases which owe their origin to Persky's alleged debts will exceed the amounts sued for.

NO DAMAGE ALLOWED.

In the $40 damage case of E. Lucering, of Justus, against C. Kropf, the Richville ale brewer, Justice Sibila at 10 o'clock Thursday morning rendered a verdict for the defendant.

MORE VIOLATORS OF THE FISH LAWS.

Deputy Game Warden Dangeleisen yesterday returned from New Philadelphia, where he secured the conviction of four persons on a charge of fishing with nets. They were fined $25 and costs each.

BOERS RETREATING.

The British Occupy Lydenburg on Friday.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—[By Associated Press]—Lord Roberts reports that Generals Dundonald and Brocklehorst occupied Lydenburg yesterday, the Boers going northward and eastward. Most of the guns and stores have been sent to Kruger's headquarters, about twenty miles northeast of Lydenburg.

MORE CASES OF PLAGUE.

GLASGOW, Sept. 8.—[By Associated Press]—An official bulletin says that two additional bubonic plague cases have been admitted to hospital, and nine more placed under observation.

DAVID CITY, Neb., April 1, 1900.

Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:

Gentlemen:—I must say in regard to GRAIN-O that there is nothing better or healthier. We have used it for years. My brother was a great coffee drinker. He was taken sick and the doctor said coffee was the cause of it, and told us to use GRAIN-O. We got a package but did not like it at first, but now would not be without it. My brother has been well ever since we started to use it.

Yours truly, LILLIE SOCHOR.

LOST.—A white hound, with yellow spots. Finder can leave with George Bickel or E. Greenwell and receive $5.00 reward.

HEAT NOT HELPFUL

Interferes with Asylum Patients' Recovery.

COLD WEATHER IS BEST.

Organization of Football Team at the Hospital—Jesse Diedrich's Thrilling Tale—A Patient Wanders Away—A Run on the Library—Other Asylum News.

The continued hot weather is having an enervating effect on many of the state hospital patients, little progress toward recovery now being possible. Dr. Eyman says that his experience has shown him that the insane, as a rule, can be treated with better success during the cold months than at any other time. In cases of extreme nervousness, however, the heat seems to be rather helpful.

The foundation for the new assembly hall is practicaly completed, and the laying of brick will probably be commenced next week. It is expected that a force of workmen sufficiently large to erect a story every week will be employed.

The asylum baseballists say that uptown clubs are not as anxious to arrange for games with their team as before the recent contests. For lack of engagements they state that they are about to disband and begin the organization of a football eleven. There are many experienced knights of the gridiron among the employes of the institution, not a few of whom are medical students and have seen service on the university fields. Gardener Heines, who was at one time employed in a similar capacity at the Ohio State Univerity, did hard work with the team of that institution for several seasons. The eleven will probably line up as follows: Barnhart, center; Shoemaker and Adair, guards; Dyson and Gillin, tackles; Towsell and Bantz, half backs; McIntyre and Eberwein, ends; Stroupe, quarter back; Heines, full back.

Electrician Edelman has completed the stringing of wires through the new conduit to the superintendent's residence. The system is now to be extended to the steward's residence.

Jesse Diedrichs, who, according to this fellow patients, is a greater man than Baron Munchausen, celebrated his six hundred and forty-seventh birthday anniversary Friday. "Every time my birthday comes around," said he, "I think of how I bought off a bear and a lion in Africa on one of my anniversaries when I was a century or two younger. I had been taking a little nap under a tree when along comes the bear. I gave it fifty cents and away it went. The lion stood out for a dollar. I finally gave up that amount. I was living on an island near China with my father at that time. We have since moved the island into the Tuscarawas river. I have some thought of bringing Africa over for awhile, but I guess I'll have to give it up, for I don't think the snakes would like this climate."

The engine recently ordered by the board of trustees is to be placed in the southeast corner of the powerhouse. The combined capacity of the two engines now used is 230 horsepower. The new engine will be of 150 horsepower. The three will be needed to operate the dynamos upon which devolves the task of running 16 or 18 motors and the providing of electricity for 1,200 lamps.

One of the privileged women patients has developed an extraordinary sort of insanity. She has proposed marriage to at least a dozen of the men employes during the past few weeks, and with each proposal she sets forth a romantic plan for eloping.

A patient named Dimpke, who was employed on the grade, ran away Friday. The authorities are now searching for him. Dimpke's home is in Canton.

Friday was "library day" at the institution. About fifteen books were given out. The regular days for exchanging volumes are Friday and Tuesday. Much of the reading is done by the convalescent patients. The library has a well assorted line of books.

C. W. McCreary, laundryman and soapmaker, has presented his resignation, to take effect on September 15. Mr. McCreary will go to Dayton.

William Mellon, of this city, who has been employed as usher at the Cleveland state hospital for a year or more past, called on his many friends of other days among the employes yesterday.

Assistant Superintendent Findley, who spent his vacation in Chicago, has returned. During his absence his duties were attended to by Dr. Hindley, the pathologist and pharmacist.

Allen Halverson, of West Prairie, Wis., says; "People come ten miles to buy Foley's Kidney Cure," while J. A. Spero, of Helmer, Ind., says: "It is the medical wonder of the age." Rider & Snyder.

CHINESE COMMISSION.

State Department is Now Discussing its Personnel.

WASHINGTON, Sept 8.—[By Associated Press]—The state department is giving a good deal of attention to the personnel of the commission to be appointed to adjust some of the phases, at least, of the Chinese trouble. It is said that Li Hung Chang is still at Shanghai, and will probably not go to Pekin.

THE OPENING GUN.

Grand Rally at Youngstown Today.

FORAKER, HANNA, DEPEW.

One of the Most Enthusiastic Meetings Ever Held in Ohio—Prominent Men Arrested at Akron on a Charge of Rioting—A Strike of Anthracite Miners will be Called.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

YOUNGSTOWN, Sept. 8.—Governor Nash, who presided at the opening meeting of the Republican campaign, in this city today, said in part: "It has occurred to me that Nature designed the leaders of the Democratic party for actors, but I believe they are qualified for comedians only. In 1896 they put a comedy on the boards, which might have been called the "Comedy of Errors." The first error was to suppose that the American people could forget the vicissitudes through which they had passed during the four preceding years; the next error was their belief that the people of the United States were not in favor of a sound financial policy. They now seem ashamed of their performances in 1896, and have put on a new play which may well be called "Much Ado About Nothing." They call it "Imperialism." Until congress provides some form of government for this acquired territory, it is the President's duty to maintain order and protect life and property. This he has done, and nothing more. The governor then introduced Senator Foraker.

For enthusiasm and numbers the grand rally of the Republicans today has rarely been equalled in the state. Senators Foraker, Hanna and Depew drew thousands of visitors. They arrived in the morning, and were escorted by the Foraker Republican club to the residence of William Wick, where luncheon was served and an informal reception held.

The parade was four miles in length. Fully twenty thousand were in Wick park, where two meetings were held. Senator Foraker was greeted with prolonged applause, and was frequently interrupted by cheers during his speech. Senator Foraker was followed by Senator Depew.

MORE ARRESTS AT AKRON.

Prominent Men Accused of Serious Crimes.

AKRON, Sept. 8.—[By Associated Press]—Two important arrests were made yesterday in connection with the recent riot. Andrew Halter, brother of the clerk of the police court, has been taken in charge, accused of complicity in the rioting and was bound over in the sum of $1,000. He is the most prominent man yet arrested. William Hunt, a well known contractor, was also arrested, accused of using the dynamite which blew up the city building. He was bound over to court in the sum of $2,500.

STRIKE WILL BE ORDERED.

Executive Committee of the U. M. W. of A. in Secret Session.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 8.—[By Associated Press]—The executive board of the United Mine Workers of America, met in secret session at 8:30 this morning. President Mitchell said no statement of the proceedings would be given out before noon, and probably not then. It is a foregone conclusion that a strike will be ordered in the anthracite districts.

Just before noon President Mitchell said nothing had been done and no strike order had been issued. It is highly probable that no statement will be issued by the board until this evening.

MONITOR LAUNCHED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 8.—[By Associated Press]—The United States monitor Wyoming was launched today by the Union Iron works. Governor Richards, of Wyoming, and other officers of that state were present. Miss Warren christened the vessel. Little more than the hull of the Wyoming is finished, but the work is being pushed forward. She is to be a coast defense vessel.

The reunion of veterans of first call of 1861 will be held at Canton, Tuesday, September 11.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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The Evening Independent is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bamgardin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in South Hill street.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL MASSILLON, No. 295

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1900.

In view of the fact that the deposits in he savings banks of Nebraska increased $3,400,000 last year, Bryan's calamity howl is having but little effect in his home state.

In the one year of 1894, the savings deposits of the wage earners of this country were depleted by more than thirty-six million dollars. During McKinley's administration they have earned enough to save and invest a surplus of four hundred and eighty-two million dollars. Does any workingman of intelligence want a change?

American capitalists are taking steps to insure the development of an immense export trade in coal, in the furtherance of which contracts have been entered into for the building of ten great freighters to ply from Lake Erie ports, by way of the Welland canal and across the Atlantic. The ten vessels ordered will cost $350,000 each, and will be constructed especially for the coal carrying trade.

The election returns from Vermont are growing worse daily, from a Democratic standpoint. The official count will probably show a Republican majority of 32,500, which is about 7,000 in excess of the average for the past seven presidential years. The fact that the majority is less than that given McKinley is accounted for, in a great measure, by the fierce fight on the temperance question, the Democrats using every means to secure the repeal of the Republican laws now in force in the state.

One by one, influential Democrats are announcing their intention of supporting McKinley and Roosevelt, former Representative Bynum, of Indiana, being among the latest. In the course of a recent interview Mr. Bynum said: "I determined to support the Republican candidates as soon as the action of the Democratic convention was made known. I think the Republican party is nearer right on the questions to be settled at the coming election, and they are too grave, in my judgment, to admit of anyone remaining silent or inactive." Mr. Bynum will take the stump for McKinley and Roosevelt.

The tin plate industry of the United States no longer furnishes amusement for the Democratic politicians, as it did a few years ago. Eight-tenths of all the tin plate now used is the product of home mills. There are 36 plants in the country, operating 279 mills and employing 18,000 men, manufacturing $40,000,000 worth of goods annually. The product in 1891 was 11,000,000 pounds. In 1900 it is 990,000,000 pounds. Not a man but knows the Democrats from the Atlantic to the Pacific had paroxysms of delight at the verdancy of Republicans who believed in the future of American tin. The subject is seldom referred to now by the Democrats.

That shrewd old capitalist, Russel Sage, when told that ex-President Cleveland would support Bryan, said: "Mr. Cleveland is too intelligent a man to commit himself to Bryan. The business world has not changed its opinion of Mr. Bryan and 16 to 1. I meet Democrats who are going to vote for Mr. McKinley, but not Republicans who are going to vote for Mr. Bryan. Why should we change from McKinley to another man after the progress we have made in the last four years, which has exceeded that of any four years I can remember. The Philippines came to us as the fortune of war and we cannot give them up. To my mind, they are even more desirable than Cuba."

In his speech at Cameron, W. Va., Bryan said: "When we abandon the doctrine that all men are created equal, we have to stop each time to prove that we are as good as anybody else." Mr. Bryan should be careful of his remarks while south of Mason and Dixon's line, and it will be interesting to observe how the above paragraph is received by the Democrats of the South, now engaged in disfranchising the negro, and who deny that the colored man is the equal in mental endowment or in right to the Southern white man. While in the South, Bryan should confine his speeches to free silver and free trade, for his anti-expansion doctrine will prove as unpopular as his doctrine of equal rights.

Senator Wellington's conscience has been causing him much trouble of late, and his announcement, in a speech at his home town, Cumberland, Md., that he would support Bryan was not a surprise to his political associates. The senator's conscience did not approve of President McKinley's refusal to intervene in behalf of the Boers; his conscience told him that the President and Secretary Hay prevaricated when they asserted that there was no alliance between the United States and Great Britain, and it kept him awake nights because the Wellington policy in regard to the Philippines was not accepted. Mr. Wellington was elected to the Senate as a Republican, holds places on seven committees, and has a voice in determining the course of the Senate in many matters in which the majority of that body may be depended upon to sustain the administration, and it remains to be seen whether his conscience will permit him to hold on to his seat and draw five thousand dollars per year.

The Associated Press dispatches of today indicate that a strike of all the anthracite coal miners will be called for Monday. The officials of the miners' organization have issued a statement, in the hope that the operators could be prevailed upon to settle the questions in dispute by arbitration, but the latter, it is said, have refused to accept the proposition. Furthermore, it is claimed that the leading coal companies have determined to shut down their mines for an indefinite time if a strike is called. President Mitchell, of the miners' organization, in an interview yesterday, said: "I said some time ago that in my opinion there would be a big strike. After talking with my colleagues all day, I have no reason to change my opinion."

THE VOTE NORTH AND SOUTH

The following comparison of the vote cast in Northern and Southern states in the election of 1896, with the representation in the electoral college, proves conclusively that the vote of a Southern Democrat counts for much more in the selection of a president than the vote of a Northern Republican. The difference will be all the more striking at the coming election, owing to the disfranchisement of a large portion of the negro vote:

In Alabama the total number of votes polled for President in 1896 was 194,573. The population of Alabama in 1890 was 1,513,017 and the state has 11 electors.

New Jersey, with a population in 1890 of 1,444,930, and with 10 electors only, polled 371,014 votes in 1896. For McKinley alone it polled 26,795 more votes than the total vote of Alabama.

In Georgia, with a population of 1,837,353 in 1890, and with 13 electoral votes, the total poll in 1896 was only 163,061 votes.

Wisconsin, with a population in 1890 of only 1,686,880, and with only 12 electoral votes, polled 447,000 votes in 1896 and its vote for McKinley alone exceeded the whole poll of Georgia by 105,074 votes.

Louisiana had a population of 1,118,587 in 1870. At the presidential election in 1896 it cast only 101,046 votes; yet the state has eight electoral votes.

Maryland had in 1890 a population of 1,042,390 and it also has eight electoral votes; but its total poll in 1896 was 250,842 and McKinley alone received 35,913 more votes than the whole number cast in Louisiana.

The total poll in Mississippi in 1896 was only 69,513 votes; yet that state had a population of 1,289,600 in 1890 and it has nine electoral votes.

Minnesota also has nine electoral votes and its population in 1890 was 1,301,826. It polled 341,664 votes in 1896 and for McKinley alone 123,900 more than the total poll of Mississippi.

South Carolina had a population of 1,151,149 in 1890 and it has nine electoral votes. It polled only 68,907 votes in 1896.

California also had nine electoral votes. Its population in 1890 was 1,208,130, and its total poll in 1896 was 296,503, McKinley alone receiving more than twice as many votes as the whole number cast in South Carolina.

MUST BELIEVE IT.

When Well Known Massillon People Tell it so Plainly.

When public endorsement is made by a representative citizen of Massillon, the proof is positive. You must believe it. Read this testimony. Every backache sufferer, every man, woman or child, with any kidney trouble, will find profit in the reading.

Mrs. Louis Feil, of 36 Cliff street, says: "The heavy work in which Mr. Feil is engaged at his calling, had probably something to do with attacks of pain which caught him across the loins. Be that as it may, in looking for a means to check that, we tried Doan's Kidney Pills, getting them at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store. Under the treatment the pain in the back, lumbago or kidney complaint, call it what you please, quickly and thoroughly disappeared."

Sold for 50 cents a box by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Genessee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:

Gentlemen:—Our family realize so much from the use of Grain-o that I feel I must say a word to induce others to use it. If people are interested in their health and the welfare of their children they will use no other beverage. I have used them all, but Grain-o I have found superior to any, for the reason that it is solid grain. Yours for health.

C. F. MYERS.

"I had a running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. James Forest, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Banner Salve entirely cured it." Rider & Snyder.

The most dainty and effective pills made are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are unequaled for all liver and bowel troubles. Never gripe. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street.

BACK IN WASHINGTON

Minister Wu Confers With National Capital Authorities.

TALK WAS BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

Chinese Negotiations Approaching Another Phase—A New Note Likely to Be Issued — Our Diplomats Desirous of Knowing Personnel of China's Notables

Washington, Sept. 8.—Minister Wu has arrived in Washington from Cape May, and, although it was near the close of the official day, he proceeded directly to the state department. It is understood that he had received an intimation that the deparment officials were desirous of conferring with him hence his return to Washington. For nearly an hour the minister was closeted with Acting Secretary Hill and Assistant Secretary Adee, the door being locked meantime, and not even the messengers allowed entrance. None of the parties to the conference was communicative as to the conference but at its conclusion Dr. Hill repaired to the white house with a portfolio well filled with papers.

For several hours preceding the minister's visit Acting Secretary Hill and Assistant Secretary Adee had been engaged in short conference, and it was gathered that the negotiations relative to China were approaching another phase, and that another pronouncement of some kind was in preparation.

Negotiations May Take Some Time.

The fact is recalled that when the United States made its response to the Russian note on the 20th ult. the officials here expressed the belief that about a week's time would be required to determine upon the next step, and at the end of that time it would be definitely known whether or not the troops were to be withdrawn from Peking That period of time has now elapsed.

The reports from the European chancelleries indicate that, officially, at least, this important subject is being treated with the greatest deliberation and at least another week, and probably even more time, may be consumed in framing the last of the answers to the Russian note.

Meanwhile our government has pretty well satisfied itself as to the attitude toward this last proposition of each and all of the powers interested in the Chinese problem. It may be that this knowledge is regarded as sufficient upon which to base another forward and perhaps in this case an independent movement by the United States toward the ultimate withdrawal of the troops and the settlement with China, which the government has had in mind since the beginning of the trouble.

The consultations with Mr. Wu are believed to have been inspired by a desire to learn something of the personality of Chinese notables whose names have been suggested as proper to constitute the Chinese side of the commission which may be named to arrange a settlement of the difficulties. Mr. Wu is an ardent adherent of Earl Li.

Gen. John W. Foster For Commissioner.

There is much speculation here as to the personnel of the American commissioners in case the peace negotiations should be entrusted to such a body, and the names of men prominent in international affairs in recent years all have been canvassed. Included in the list is the name of General John W. Foster, but it is regarded as much more probable that if he appears at all in these negotiations it will be in his old place as a representative of the Chinese government. He was associated with Li Hung Chang during the peace negotiations which closed the Chino-Japanese war, and it is said that Earl Li has a high sense of appreciation of his work for China then.

There was a dearth of official information from China yesterday. General Chaffee got through a dispatch dated Sept. 1 at Peking, indicating that couriers are still employed to close the gap in the line of communication between Tien Tsin and Peking. This dispatch made no mention of the military situation, and is was inferred that affairs in Peking remain quiet.

General Chaffee recommends that Colonel Aaron S. Daggett, of the Fourteenth United States infantry, be made a brigadier general, saying he would gladly accept retirement, as he has nearly reached the age limit—64. Colonel Daggett has often been spoken of in official dispatches on account of bravery and good judgment.

GALLANT BOERS WILL NOT DOWN.

They Are Still Giving England's Forces Plenty of Trouble.

London, Sept. 8.—Lord Roberts reports from Belfast: "Boers with two guns and one pompom attacked 125 Canadian mounted infantry guarding the railway between Pan and Wondersfontein. Mahon proceeded to their assistance, but the little garrison had beaten off the enemy before he arrived. The wounded were Major Handers and Lieutenant Moodie, slightly, and two men. Six men are missing."

Cape Town, Sept 8.—A dispatch from Johannesburg reports that 10 British scouts were surprised by the Boers at Batemans. Two were killed, three wounded and two are missing. The Boers, emboldened by this success, collected 700 men and are now threatening Johannesburg. A British reinforcing column will be sent to drive them away.

Michiganders Hear Roosevelt.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 8.—Governor Roosevelt arrived in this city at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, and was accorded a grand street demonstration. He spoke in the Auditorium, which was crowded to its utmost capacity, and later made a brief speech in Powers' theater.

P. R. R. Buys a New Coal Branch.

Akron, O., Sept. 8.—H. B. Camp has sold ten miles of the Wooster and Ashland railroad to the Pennsylvania company for $80,000. The line is not wholly completed, but extends from the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus railway, at Apple Creek, to the new coal fields at West Lebanon.

SITUATION MUCH BETTER.

Settlement of Wage Disputes Produce a Good Effect All Around.

New York, Sept 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade said: "The volume of business does not materially enlarge at the east, and there is only moderate improvement at the west and south; but if expectations of greater activity when politics cease to disturb are realized current operations will be found to have laid a substantial foundation. The most important event of the week in the industrial world was the agreement on the tin plate wage scale with the Amalgamated association, granting about 8 per cent advance to 25,000 hands long idle. Other metal workers' disputes are nearing settlement, while the Borden purchase of 500,000 pieces print cloths at 2¾ cents clears up the Fall River market, and is believed to preclude serious wage differences there. The final decision of the dissatisfied anthracite miners as to a strike will be reached shortly. If a strike is decided upon, it is likely to involve only a portion of the anthracite interests, and the producers are well prepared, as production in August was 619,000 tons over last year, and coal has been moving to market for two weeks very heavily.

Prices of grain are little altered, good crop reports coming in freely, but the effect being neutralized by a foreign estimate of a world's crop below requirements. Wheat stocks carried over were ample to meet the discrepancy, and traders do not seem to advance prices more than 5 cents over last year's for wheat and 6 cents for corn.

Business in iron and steel products steadily increases, and mills are more actively employed. Oct 1 is mentioned as the probable date of a general resumption. It is significant that shipyards on the lakes and the Pacific coast are full of orders for eight months or more. As to pig iron, the outlook is no better. In spite of a decrease in production to 232,778 tons weekly, according to The Iron Age, furnace stocks have increased to 594,218 tons, a gain of 89,877 during August! but the increase in demand was not noteworthy until Aug. 15. Railroads have refused to make reduction in freight rates, which it was hoped would increase exports. Bessemer pig and gray forge further declined $1 per ton at Pittsburg, although no change is reported at other points. Copper continues firm, with electrolytic higher at 16⅝ cents bid, and tin advanced moderately.

Sales of wool at the three chief eastern markets declined to 2,822,500 pounds, against 4,234,700 in the previous week, and 9,225,200 last year. The dullness was not accompanied by any pronounced weakness, although Coates Bros.' circular for Sept. 1 made the average price 20⅝ cents for 100 grades, against 20½ cents a month earlier. In the woolen goods market there is a rather deceptive appearance of greater activity.

Failures for the week were 145 in the United States, against 132 last year, and 24 in Canada, against 30 last year.

SUMMER VACATION IS OVER.

The Stock Market Was In the Hands of Manipulating Professionals.

New York, Sept. 8.—The stock market Friday was exclusively in professional hands. Although it was but a narrow affair it showed evidence of some operations of rather larger scope than have been seen during the summer, reflecting in all probability the resumption of activity by some of the influential traders who have been away for the summer. Efforts by a bull clique were in evidence, but they met with only moderate success Their method seems to be to pass from one stock to another on successive days, seeking some appearance of continuity in the movement by manipulating stocks in which the interests are allied or which are mutually affected by some development of conditions. Yesterday Missouri Pacific was the favorite at an extreme advance from the low point of 1⅛, with dealings on quite a large scale The attempt was made to make this seem a logical sequence of Thursday's movement in Southern railway stocks. The fears of a strike of anthracite miners was a depressing factor, and Reading first preferred, Delaware and Hudson and New Jersey Central were off from 1 to 1½ at times during the day. Liquidation in the coalers was not large, however. In the list of specialties People's Gas and Brooklyn Transit were the most conspicuous figures, and owing to the fact that the identical interests in the two properties are large the contrary movement in the stocks was strange. In the late dealings this opposing movement was rather palpably due to manipulation. Brooklyn Transit being bid up in an unavailing effort to check the decline in People's Gas. The latter stock dropped 2½ below the high level and 2¼ below Thursday at the close. Brooklyn Transit gained 2 points net, the demand from the short interest playing a part in its strength Sugar moved narrowly on a small volume of dealings, minus the dividend which was declared early in the week, and closed with a small net gain. The steel stocks were rather quiet and irregular. The money movement for the week is interesting, as showing an excess of shipments over receipts by express for the first time this season. The sharp decline in New York exchange at Chicago from 30 cents discount Thursday to 50 cents discount yesterday explains the source of the demand, though money has gone out quite freely to the south also during the week.

Continued liquidation of Kansas City Southern bonds was the feature of the bond market. Trading otherwise was small. Total sales, par value, $865,000. U. S. old 4s advanced ¼ in the bid price.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Provisions opened higher on a strong market at the yards, declined moderately on local selling of pork, but rallied later and closed firm on an excellent cash demand October pork sold between $10.85 and $11.02½ and closed 12½c higher at $11.02½; October lard between $6.65 and $6.72½, closing 5@7½c higher at $6 72½, and October ribs between $7.07½@7.10 and $7.20, with the close 7½c improved at $7.17½.

Sad Death of a 10-Year-Old Boy.

Wellsville, O., Sept. 8.—Roy, a 10-year-old son of George Hammond, a farmer, residing near this city, was drowned in a well. He left home soon after noon and about midnight his body was found at the bottom of a well 60 feet deep on the farm of Emmet Grafton, a neighbor. The boy had stepped on the well cover, which, being rotten, broke through.

Murder and Robbery in New South Wales.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 8.—Mail advices from country districts in New South Wales say that a band of six blacks have been murdering and robbing indiscriminately. The bodies of the killed victims, 11 in all, were mutilated by hatchets. Only two of the six murderers have been caught, although pursued by 1,000 volunteer police, with 12 bloodhounds.

Bourke Cockran to Stump For Bryan.

New York, Sept. 8.—It is announced that Bourke Cockran will take the stump for Bryan and will be under the direction of the speakers' bureau at the Chicago headquarters. Mr. Cockran will be on the stump in the west a large part of the campaign.

Ohio Dairymen Decline to Vote.

Columbus, O., Sept. 8.—The Dairymen's association, Dairymen's union and State Grange have decided that they will not vote for either candidate for state dairy and food commissioner, in order to express their disapproval of the department and its operation.

OPERATORS STUBBORN

Positively Stated They Will Not Agree to Arbitration.

MEN ARE IN A CONCILIATORY MOOD.

If a Strike Is Declared, Collieries Are to Be Closed Down For an Indefinite Period—Those Who Stay at Work Will Be Protected—Coal Going Up In Europe.

Hazelton, Pa., Sept. 8.—The only new developments in the strike situation here is the unconfirmed rumor which has gained circulation that if a strike is declared by the national executive board of mine workers all the operators in the region will close their collieries down for an indefinite period on Sunday night. Operators and superintendents, when asked about the matter, professed entire ignorance of the alleged general understanding to this effect among the coal interests. If such a decision has been reached and carried into effect it will be impossible next Monday to tell really how many men are in favor or against the inauguration of a strike.

It can be positively stated that the operators will not agree to arbitration.

A statement prepared with the hope of effecting an arbitration conference and averting a strike in the anthracite region has been issued by the district officers of the United Mine Workers of America. The statement is as follows:

Miners In Favor of Arbitration.

"We, the district officers of the United Mine Workers of America, of the anthracite coal fields of Pennsylvania, having exhausted every effort to induce the operators to meet us in friendly conference for the regulation of a fair base of wages for a day's work and all other points at issue, do hereby agree to submit our case in every respect to honest arbitration as enjoined by the constitution af our organization, as follows:

"'To use all honorable means to maintain peace between ourselves and employers, adjusting all differences, so far as possible, by arbitration and conciliation, that strikes may become unnecessary.'

"T. D. Nicholls,
"President District No. 1.
"McComas Duffy,
"President District No. 8.
"John Fahy,
"President District No. 9."

Shamokin, Pa., Sept. 8.—The operators and the leaders of the United Mine Workers of District No. 9, composing the counties of Northumberland, Columbia, Schuylkill and Dauphin counties, each announce that they are in readiness for the expected strike to begin next Monday. The workers' leaders claim they will soon induce enough unorganized miners to cease work to tie up the district, while the operators assert that the great percentage of the workmen will remain at work and they will be given the fullest protection against violence, should any develop.

Coal Advancing In Europe.

New York, Sept. 8.—The price of coal is soaring in Europe, and not enough ships can be had on this side of the ocean to carry cheap coal to supply the demand. This is adding considerably to the operating expenses of the big steamship companies, as the swift liners burn from 400 to 500 tons of coal daily. Coal is worth from $2.50 to $3 a ton more in Europe than here. As a result the liners are carrying on the outward voyage enough coal to take them over and part of the way back.

The report from Paris that the big companies would reduce the number of voyages for that reason was ridiculed by all the companies having offices in this city. Not one would admit that the increased cost was enough to make a change in schedules. The sentiment on this point was unanimous. The agents said: "If the price of coal becomes too great a burden we can carry enough from this side to make the round trip. We carry almost enough now, and only take sufficiently high-priced coal to supply the deficiency for the westward voyage."

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 8.—Under the constitution of the United Mine Workers of America, the executive board must decide before 6 o'clock Saturday night upon the application of the districts embraced in the anthracite region for permission to strike. Indications are that before the time limit has expired messages will have been sent to the presidents of the three districts in question announcing that the permission has been granted. Following these messages will be others ordering the men out of the mines.

President Mitchell said: "I said some time ago that in my opinion there would be a big strike. After talking with my colleagues all day, I have no reason to change my opinion."

Berlin, Sept. 8.—The semi-official Reichsanzzeiger announces that the minister of state has decided, in view of the deficiencies of coal supply, to facilitate importation by introducing everywhere a raw material tariff to continue at least two years.

Richard Croker Has the Delegates.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Every delegate who has arrived here predicts that Richard Croker has the upper hand in he contest for control of the Democratic state convention. Congressman Sulzer is predicting that there will be "little or no friction," and adds: "What friction there is will redound to the good of the party and will give the people to understand that the ticket is the outcome of vigorous rivalry, and not like the Republicans, all slated weeks before." J. B. Stanchfield, of Chemung, will probably be nominated for governor.

Fire Raging In a Tunnel.

Alliance, O., Sept. 8.—Fire caused by a locomotive spark is raging in the tunnel of the Ohio River railroad, south of here. As the wooden supports are destroyed the earth caves in, causing great damage and endangering the lives of the men who are fighting the flames.

Ohio Man Killed by a Live Wire.

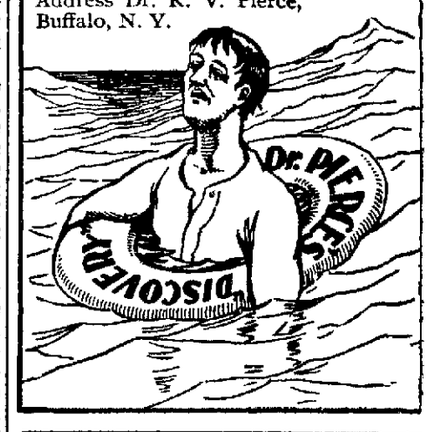
Youngstown, O., Sept. 8.—Edward Meyers was killed by contact with a live wire while working on the crossarm of a 50-foot pole. The body fell on the wires, where it burned for 15 minutes before it could be removed.

THERE'S SAFETY FOR THE SHIPWRECKED IN HEALTH

Who trust to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures ninety-eight per cent. of all who use it. Old forms of disease, obstinate cough, weak lungs, spitting of blood, weakness and emaciation are perfectly and permanently cured by this powerful remedy.

"My wife had hemorrhage of the lungs," writes W. A. Sanders, Esq., of Hern, Mason Co., W. Va. "She had ten hemorrhages, and the people all around here said she would never be well again. But she began to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and she soon began to gain strength and flesh. After taking ten bottles she was *entirely* well. If any one doubts this, they may enclose self-addressed envelope with stamp, and I will answer."

Sick persons are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free of charge*. All correspondence strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



Ulcers, open or obstinate sores, scalds and piles, quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing medicine in the world. Rider & Snyder.

Poisonous toadstools resembling mushrooms have caused frequent deaths this year. Be sure to use only the genuine. Observe the same care when you ask for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. There are poisonous counterfeits. DeWitt's is the only original Witch Hazel Salve. It's a safe and certain cure for piles and all skin diseases. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street.

How Bright's Disease Starts.

Indigestion, billiousness, blood poisoned with urea and uric acid (which should have been excreted by the kidneys), rheumatic pains in nerves and joints, causing irritation of the kidneys, then pains over the small of the back, mark sure approach of Bright's Disease. Do not delay taking Foley's Kidney Cure, for it makes the kidneys right. Rider & Snyder.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

Laughs and Mishaps.

What queer things the average person laughs at. If some one slips and falls or is unfortunate enough to make any awkward blunder, the average person thinks it very funny and laughs and repeats the affair for a funny story. If some one makes an unfortunate remark accidentally, his embarrassment is always a theme for merriment. Women, who are supposed to be sympathetic, are the ones who have the largest stock of such funny stories. They always seem to be a success. People love to laugh at the misfortunes of others.—Atchison Globe.

Obedient to the Letter.

Bobbie's Mamma—Now, mind, Bobbie, if they pass you the cake a second time at the party you must say, "No, thanks; I've had plenty," and don't you forget it.

Hostess (at the party)—Won't Bobbie have some more cake?

Bobbie (who hasn't forgotten)—Nope, thanks; I've had enough an don't you ferget it!—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Chas. W Cupples, 139, W. Tremont Street.
Rider & Snyder, 17 East Main Street.

Young Men Wanted with fair education and good character, to Learn Telegraphy. Railroad acounting, and typewriting. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalogue.

Telegraph College. Lexington, Ky.

Legal Notice.

Augusta W. Grueneberg whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 16th day of August, 1900, Gustav Grueneberg filed his petition in the Court of Common Pleas, Stark County, Ohio, being cause Number 14,212, praying for a divorce from said Augusta W. Grueneberg, on the ground that said defendant has been wilfully absent from plaintiff for more than three years last past and has wholly disregarded all marital duties, and that said cause will be for hearing on and after the 2nd day of October 1900.

Hemperly & Howells, Attys. for Plaintiff.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed executor of the estate of Charlotte Hassler, late of Stark county, Ohio, deceased. Dated the 28th day of July, 1900.

JOHN P. HASSLER, Executor.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WILL LEAVE PEKING.

Russia Has So Decided, Regardless of Other Powers.

BRAVE AMERICAN MISSIONARIES.

Conger Gives Them a Good Word—Comment of London and Berlin Press on Attitude of Kaiser and Czar—Is Germany Drifting to Absolutism?

London, Sept. 8.—Regarding Russian action, various statements are made in Vienna and Berlin, with an assumed air of authority; but the balance of opinion leans to the belief that Russia is still inclined to adhere to her decision to quit Peking, whatever the other powers may do.

According to The Standard's Moscow correspondent, Russia's program mainly concerns Manchuria, and she needs troop from Peking to assist in the seizure of that province, which is looked upon as another Egypt. Her withdrawn from Peking is considered an attempt to pose as a sincere adherent of the principles of The Hague conference.

Missionaries Defended Legation.

The Peking correspondent of The Morning Post, in a dispatch, dated Aug. 23, says Mr. Conger has written a letter asserting that without the aid of the American missionaries the defense of the legations would have been impossible.

Berlin, Sept. 8.—Evidently the German foreign office reckons with the possibility that Russia will yield to the arguments of the powers and not withdraw her troops from Peking. Discussing this question yesterday a high foreign office official said: "Germany does not understand the Washington dispatches to mean that the United States intends to withdraw its troops. As far as Russia is concerned, it must be borne in mind that she did not put forth her proposition of withdrawal as a sine qua non, but only tentatively and for the purpose of discussion."

On attention being called to the sharp criticisms of Russia's attitude in a section of the German press the foreign office official remarked: "Our press is discussing the question for the most part in a wholly amicable spirit, and those papers that are attacking Russia are pursuing a policy of their own."

Emperor William's speech at Stettin yesterday is here interpreted to mean that his plan of overcoming the present difficulty in China will be adopted by the powers. This goes to show—as has been claimed all along—that Germany in the Chinese matter is following the personal policy of the kaiser. A number of leading journals condemn such a course as in contravention of the constitution of the empire. The Gegenwart, a high-class periodical, concludes an article signed "Apolitikos," as follows:

"Surely it is high time to determine the question whether our political life can still be justly called constitutional or whether we are steering toward absolutism."

From the present instructions of the naval department, Germany will make the strongest naval demonstration ever made at Shanghai—namely, 10 warships, with 3,200 men and 166 guns. Of these vessels four will be large cruisers, four others will be somewhat smaller and two will be gunboats.

Everything is Quiet at Amoy.

A special dispatch from Amoy says that both the Japanese and English marines were withdrawn yesterday and that everything there is quiet.

Special dispatches to the Cologne Gazette announce that all classes of the Chinese population believe that the Chinese have been victorious over the allied troops. Striking illustrations of this are given.

London, Sept. 8.—It is asserted that the Austrian foreign office, according to the Vienna correspondent of The Daily Mail, that Russia has agreed to a compromise, leaving a portion of the troops in Peking and sending the main body to Tien Tsin, which will be the military headquarters.

The London chamber of commerce has received a telegram from the Hongkong chamber of commerce, with a request that it be communicated to the British foreign office, advocating a continuance of the occupation of Peking until a proper government has been established and the guilty officials have been punished, and pointing out that an earlier withdrawal would be disastrous to foreign prestige in China.

This dispatch, together with a special letter from the London chamber of commerce, recommending it as deserving of consideration, has been sent to Lord Salisbury.

HEROIC ACT OF MRS. SIMCOX.

Firing at Chinese Murderers Over the Dead Body of Her Husband.

Shanghai, Sept. 8.—Detail of the massacre of the missionaries at Pao Ting Fu have reached here. The dead included Dr. and Mrs. Hodge, of Philadelphia, and the Rev. Samuel Simcox, Mrs. Simcox and their three children, of Oil City, Pa. Mrs. Simcox died a heroine. She was cut down while standing, gun in hand, and firing at the Chinese murderers, over her dead husband's body. Her three children were run through by Chinese bayonets before her eyes. Mr. and Mrs. Hodges were also brutally slain. There have been conflicting reports as to the fate of the Simcoxs and Hodges. At one time they were reported safe, and then came advices that they had been massacred. Advices from official Chinese sources confirm the report of their death. Troops have left Peking to avenge the massacre.

Tien Tsin, Sept. 8.—Sixteen Protestant missionaries, chiefly Americans, stationed at Feng Choo Fu and Taiku, who are missing, are reported to have been murdered by Boxers late in July.

Black Flags on the Warpath.

Shanghai, Sept. 8.—The Black Flags are on the warpath. Large bodies of these troops, under General Liu, are passing northward, through the provinces of Hunan and Hu Pei.

112 Ballots Had, With No Results.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 8.—Conferees of the Forty-first senatorial district—Butler and Armstrong counties—have adjourned after taking 112 ballots, with no result.

SUDDEN COTTON COLLAPSE.

Prices Show Big Net Loss—Tremendous Excitement in Different Centers.

New York, Sept 8.—Friday marked the turning point in the great bull movement in cotton on the New York, New Orleans and Liverpool cotton exchanges. With a crash and amid tremendous excitement prices fell 25 to 32 points on the opening, while the closing was weak at a net loss of 19 to 25 points. Between the opening and the final phases the market scored some violent pendulations, at one time advancing within a point or so of Thursday's closing. The loss on the first call here wiped out fully one-third third of the rise accumulated during the fore part of the week and resulted from a bull pame in Liverpool. The public was not a loser on the collapse of the English and American markets, having sold out pretty thoroughly during the great rise of yesterday.

Manchester spinners voted at a meeting yesterday to close down their mills, being unable to profitably manufacture cotton goods at the present abnormal prices demanded for American cotton. Moreover, there was not sufficient staple in all England to keep them going for ten days consecutively

FINDING OF CORONER'S JURY.

Reading Railroad Employes Generally Guilty of Negligence.

Lansdale, Pa., Sept. 8.—The coroner's jury, which has been investigating the causes of the wreck on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad at Hatfield on last Sunday, reported the following verdict:

"Wm. C. Blackburn, of Ambler, and others came to their deaths from shock and injuries received at Hatfield station in a collision on the Philadelphia and Reading railway, Sunday morning, Sept. 2, 1900. We strongly recommend that the Philadelphia and Reading railway company strictly observe the five-minute rule in the running of all trains not guarded by some sort of block system.

"We recommend the continuation by the Philadelphia and Reading railway company of the Halt signal system to Bethlehem. We condemn John Davis, the engineer of the excursion train, for running past the red flag at the crossing at Souderton, for running his train ahad of time and running his train recklessly. We condemn Conductor Thomas Shelby, of the excursion train, for permitting Engineer John Davis to run recklessly and ahead of time, and for not ordering Davis to reduce speed. We believe that Operator D. B. Beitler at Souderton station neglected his duty in his failure to raise the red board after the milk train had passed. We are of the opinion that the train dispatcher, W. S. Groves, did not perform his duty, failing to keep in continuous touch with the milk train and the first section of the excursion train."

District Attorney Hendricks said there would be no arrests just now.

END OF THE AMALGAMATED.

If No Agreement Is Reached Such Is the Prediction of a Manufacturer.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 8.—No agreement has yet been reached on the bar mill and puddling scale by the Amalgamated association and the iron manufacturers, who are conferring on it in this city. G. W. French, of the Republic Iron and Steel company, said yesterday that the manufacturers had offered the men $4.50 a ton and declared: "If they do not accept it means the end of the Amalgamated association, for we will shut down our mills or get puddlers that will work for prices which we can afford to pay. If we close the mills what are the men going to do? They seem to think we can pay them any price they ask and then get it back from the public at large. But we can't, and I am sorry that the men can't get this through their heads."

It was rumored last night that the Amalgamated conference committee was divided into two factions, one willing to accept the offer of the manufacturers and the other holding out for their demands. It is thought that a scale will be signed or negotiations broken off at the next meeting.

WORK OF THE CENSUS BUREAU.

Returns From 54 Cities Show a Population of 14,644,711.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The census bureau, up to last night, had tabulated the returns from 54 cities. These show a population of 14,644,711. This is an average increase in population per city of 27.90 per cent. The same cities in 1890 had a population of 11,150,045, making a total gain of 3,494,666.

The percentage of increase in 1890 was calculated on the aggregate gain and not on the average increase per city, as is the case this year. The result was that the percentage of gain, according to the census bureau officials, while appearing to be larger, namely, 31.33, was not so in fact, owing to the different method followed in making the calculation.

Alleged Democratic Campaign Trick.

New York, Sept. 8.—The report from Wheeling that the Ohio River railroad had refused to attach Bryan's private car to a train at the instigation of the Standard Oil trust officials was vigorously denounced at national Republican headquarters this morning as a Democratic campaign trick. Senator Scott said: "The Ohio River railroad is a Democratic road, and if it slighted Bryan he was turned down by his own friends."

Charges Against New York Police.

New York, Sept. 8.—Former Police Commissioner Frank Moss, on behalf of the recently organized Citizens' Protective league, has preferred charges against Chief of Police Deverey, Inspector Thompson and Acting Captain Cooney. He accuses them of brutality, neglect of duty and imcompetency in their method of treating the recent race riots in the West Side.

The Republican party formally opened its campaign in Ohio at Youngstown today.

Robert S. Fluke has been appointed postmaster at Redbank Furnace, Clarion county, Pa.

British government expects decisive news from South Africa soon, when parliament will be dissolved.

A WEDDING TRIP.

Awful Trials of American Missionaries.

THREATENED WITH DEATH.

A Fourteen Days' Trip Which Was Full of Perils—Personal Belongings of the Missionaries Stolen and the Mission Buildings Torn to Pieces.

Miss Olive Smith, of this city, has received the following letter from Mrs. Stokle, a former school friend at the Albany (N. Y.) training school for missionaries. Mrs. Stokle has been in China about one year, and her description of her "awful wedding trip" will be read with interest, describing as it does the awful perils to which the missionaries were subjected during the recent uprising of the anti-foreign element in China:

SIN YANG, China, July 18.

How can I tell you all that has befallen us since our marriage day, nine weeks ago? It was my intention to send you a full account of our wedding trip, which lasted nearly twelve days, but now I can only tell you of its continuance. When this awful wedding trip of ours shall end we cannot tell. Leaving Hankow a few days after our marriage, with thirty-six coolies and a great number of wheelbarrows, we were assured that many trials awaited us, But what we had to meet we could not imagine. God kindly veiled our eyes. From the very start we suffered physical hardships, through the great heat and the poor accommodations in inns, stables, etc. But these things could have been borne easily had our lives not been in constant danger. We were hunted like dogs, cursed and stoned, and from hour to hour expected to die a cruel death at the hands of frenzied heathen.

Can you imagine how glad we felt when the walls of Riming (the name means "your peace") came in sight? Travel worn, but with much gratefulness, we entered the large, but comparatively quiet, heathen city, which a woman missionary had never before been permitted to enter. We spent five weeks there—weeks of hard toil. We settled in our home, and Mr. Stokle commenced rebuilding houses for other missionaries who were expected in the fall, and had most of the work to do himself. We had gatherings of women and children, and people came in great numbers. Regardless of the excessive heat, we gladly worked, but only a short time in rest and peace. A wind of opposition commenced to blow from the north, rapidly rising to an awful storm. The Riming people became very noisy. Heavy stones were thrown into our well walled station, and letters announcing the time of our death were found daily, nailed on the gates. My husband went to the city officials for aid, and while they would gladly have killed us they had to send a guard of soldiers, which proved to be a miserable band. We hoped against hope that we might remain in our place of duty, but when, in the early morning of July 12, a letter came to hand from one of the C. I. missionaries, himself in flight, informing us that a large mission station but one day's journey from Riming had been totally destroyed, and the lives of the inmates barely saved, we knew we were in the greatest danger. We heard the clamoring of many voices outside, and stones were thrown into our inner court, above the chapel. Mr. Stokle resorted again to the highest city officials for protection, as the soldiers had been withdrawn, but was informed that orders had been received from Pekin not to shield the missionaries.

Mr. Stokle's Chinese teacher, who accompanied him, was threatened with death. Everything looked very dark, but finally, surely as an answer to prayer, an escort was promised through the province of Honan. Only our bedding and needful things could be packed and we made our preparations with sorrowful but peaceful hearts. Utterly exhausted, we retired for a few hours' rest, but long before dawn we heard the murderous voices of the natives. After prayers and a hasty breakfast, forty-four soldiers and our coolies arrived. The latter were to carry Sister Ingeborg and myself in sedan chairs. For my husband a most wretched cart was provided. Before we could leave through the main gate, another gate, well fortified, was broken down, and the soldiers did not litt a finger to stem the tide of trightful looking men crowding in. We knelt down for he last prayer in our dear little home. It was better to part from it, but it was especially sad to my husband to leave the station for which he had so faithfully toiled. But we had to be brave, and the Lord gave us courage. We had to hasten, and Sister Ingeborg entered the first chair, a band of soldiers preceding it. I was carried out without protection. Mr. Stokle followed in the cart and did not dare leave us for a moment. A fearful howling greeted us, and from thousands of throats went up the cry, "Murder them! Murder them!" Rough hands laid hold on my chair and it is a wonder we escaped with our lives.

How hard it is to be on the wretched Chinese roads, as fugitives, in this rainy season, you cannot imagine. We can hardly sleep in the ill-smelling stables, which we must enter for the night hours. A man whose boy was in our school followed us from Riming, bringing the news that all our belongings had been stolen or destroyed, and the buildings dismantled.

HANKOW, July 31.

A few days ago we arrived here, after a fourteen days' journey. The soldiers who were selected to escort us from Riming were bad men, and at one time threatened to kill us. Our wheelbarrow men gave us the greatest trouble, struck the missionary who had joined us, and put our belongings into the river out of pure malice. On reaching the open port of Hankow, we hoped to remain until such time as we could return to our station, but no foreigner is safe here, and tonight we go by steamer to Shanghai. On our arrival in Hankow we learned of the frightful condition of affairs in Pekin. For two long months nothing has been heard from the missionaries there.

S. S. "PANKING," Aug. 1.

We are continuing our flight. Last night we boarded this steamer with a number of other missionaries who escaped from the north. I cannot write more at present, only to say that the whole Yangste valley is prepared for war.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.

We have reached overcrowded Shanghai. It is doubtful whether it is safe for us to remain here.

TALE AND TATTLER

What the People are Saying and Doing.

WAIL OF THE MOTORMAN.

His is Truly a Hard Lot, According to Statements—Why Big Men of the Union Steer Clear of the Massillon District—The Pairs were all Girls—Mr. Giese and Hay-making.

"Things are getting to be something fierce in this town for men of my work," remarked a motorman on the city car lines, the other day. "That constitutional talk about guaranteeing to every man the right to pursue happiness does not apply to our cases. And the situation seems to be getting worse. People get on the wrong side of cross streets, and when we run to the right side, as the city ordinance and our rule and common sense compel us to do, they storm and not infrequently cuss. After they get on the car they think that the motorman is omniscient, knows where they want to get out and will stop when he gets to the right place without their telling him or ringing the bell. There are not many mind readers among us fellows, so sometimes we pass these places. Then there's more trouble. May be to vary the trouble a little they will make us stop somewhere, and just as they get out of the car they'll remember that it isn't their place, and on they come again. Of course, the motorman has lots of time. There's nobody else waiting for a car, and he has no transfers to make That's what they seem to think. If they don't do any of these things, they pull the string attached to the register and ring up a couple of fares that we have to stand for. You know now why motormen die young."

"Do you know why the Massillon district can't get the big men of the miners' union to speak here?" asked a resident mine worker, the other day. "It's because they are afraid of themselves. They remember that this district has turned out McBride, Ratchford and Jones, the three best men the union has ever seen, and, in my opinion, the foremost orators in labor circles, particularly Jones and McBride, who are called the 'silver-tongues' everywhere that mines are known. Well, would it pay a man who knows he has no ability as an orator to come here and talk to a people who have been accustomed to the best in that line for many years? They all think it would not. They are afraid they can't stand the comparison. Brainy and bright they may be, perhaps to a degree not equalled by any of the men I have mentioned, but they can't shine in oratory, so they lay down before trying it."

A certain prominent local tailor and politician is generally accredited with having originated the term "chiseler," whose implication is practically that of "knocker," and applies to the man who opposes everything and anything for no other reason than because he does not like to agree. Lately, however, a friend of the tailor's had read Anthony Trollop's "Prime Minister," and therein he finds the term used frequently and in the same sense.

"It is a singular fact," said a physician this morning, "that of the four sets of twins which have been born in Massillon this year all are girls."

"I have heard it said that there have been no cases of burial alive in Massillon in late years," remarked an ex-undertaker today, "but I know that there have. I assisted in putting a body into a vault a few years ago. When we came to bury it the glass of the casket was broken, the hair of the dead person had been torn out by the roots, the hands being full of it, and the face had the most heart-rending expression of suffering and horror that I have ever seen."

"This talk about making hay while the sun shines," said Mr. Giese, the weather prophet, today, "makes me tired. Anybody who knows anything knows that hay can be best made when the sun is under a cloud. Of course you don't want rain when you hay, but you don't want too much sun. One's about as bad as the other."

200,000 WEAK MEN CURED!

STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY!

ARE YOU? Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; restless; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; hair loose; ulcers; sore throat; varicocele; deposit in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength—*WE CAN CURE YOU!*

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRS. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN. JOHN A. MANLIN. CHAS. POWERS. CHAS. POWERS.

BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT. BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.

NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED.

John A. Manlin says:—"I was one of the countless victims of early ignorance commenced at 15 years of age. I tried seven medical firms and spent $900 without avail. I gave up in despair. The drains on my system were weakening my intellect as well as my sexual and physical life. My brother advised me as a last resort to consult Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. I commenced their New Method Treatment and in a few weeks was a new man, with new life and ambition. This was four years ago, and now I am married and happy. I recommend these reliable specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen."

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.—CONFIDENTAL.

Syphilis, Emissions Varicocele, Cured.

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a "gay life" and exposure to blood diseases completed the wreck. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility. Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN OHIO, 200,000 CURED. NO RISK

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your Blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge Charges reasonable. BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Diseases of Men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sealed.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No medicine sent C. O. D No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment, FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 143 EUCLID AVE. CLEVELAND, O.

"The Pilgrim"

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY has completed arrangements with the publishers of the above named monthly which enables it to make an unprecedented offer to the readers of THE INDEPENDENT. Every subcriber to the Semi-Weekly, by paying a year's subscription in advance, will receive "The Pilgrim" for one year

Absolutely Free!

"The Pilgrim" is essentially a magazine for the home, and all its departments are of the most instructive and entertaining character. The following table of contents of a recent issue fairly illustrates the scope of the magazine: "The Man Without the Hoe" (poem); "John Ruskin;" "Nature's Wonder: the Grand Canon of the Colorado;" "Unchaperoned in Spain" (story); "Educational: Transportation of Rural School Pupils at Public Expense;" "Personal Recollections of the American Civil War Period;" "The Social Link" (story); "The Mother's Realm;" "The House Beautiful;" "Artistic Attire;" "The Wealth of Health;" "Mid Plants and Blossoms;" "The Bath and Toilet;" "The Fine Arts of Cooking and Sewing;" "Home Recreations;" Editorial Notes, a page for little folks, and much other matter of more than usual interest—all superbly illustrated with half-tone plates.

Remember the Terms:

Every subscriber to the Semi-Weekly paying one year in advance will receive "The Pilgrim" for twelve months FREE OF CHARGE. The subscription price of the monthly has never been less than one dollar per year. THE SEMI-WEEKLY INDEPENDENT and "The Pilgrim," one year,

ONE DOLLAR!

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Minnie Albright, after a visit in New Philadelphia and Canal Dover, has returned home.

Miss Edith Glessner, of Waynesburg, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Spuhler, in East Oak street.

Mrs. S. Loew and her son, Harry T. Loew, are spending a fortnight in Philadelphia and New York.

Mrs. Charles Scholes and daughter, of Jelloway, are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Jacob Snyder, jr, in South Mill street.

Two hundred and three cases of smallpox are reported by the Ohio state board of health. Stark county is free from the disease.

A party of Newman young people spent the evening of Labor day at the pleasant home of Miss Mary H. Smith, north of the city.

Laborers in the employ of John Minehart & Son have broken ground for the construction of the new Schuster brewery, in North West street.

Aaron Rubright Saturday morning sold the Howald property, at 102 West Tremont street, to City Clerk T. H. Seaman, the consideration being $1,350.

Summit county was put to an expense of $98.36 by the capture and conviction of Louis Peck. The result of the mob's work in Akron will cost hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The Rev. B. F. Schillinger, for many years pastor of the Lutheran charges of Canal Fulton and Mudbrook, has resigned his pastorate. The Rev. Mr. Schillinger is in receipt of a call from Martin's Ferry, which he intends to accept.

Notwithstanding the fact that paper has advanced several hundred per cent, the school tablets this year are as large as ever and the prices are the same Dealers say they bought heavily last year and can afford to sell without an increase in price

An organ recital will be given for the benefit of the piano fund in the First M E. church, on Friday evening, Sept. 14, by Prof. Alfred R. Baehrens, of Canton, assisted by Mrs. Harry McLain, Clelia C. Culbertson, of this city, and Miss Caroline Harter, of Canton.

Daniel H. King, more generally known as "Uncle Sam," which sobriquet he owes to his connection with the United States government as the driver of a local mail transfer wagon, has returned, after an absence of a week or more, spent in various parts of the state.

Frank P Krisher and Miss Sophia Felix, both well known in this city, were married by the Rev, J. E. Digel, in St. John's parsonage, at 7:30 o'clock on Wednesday evening. They were attended by Reuben J. Krisher and Miss Pauline Breckel. Mr. and Mrs. Krisher will reside in this city.

Frederick R. Forster has returned from Toledo, where he attended the state convention of the C. M. B. A. as grand trustee, which office he has held for ten years, serving two terms. He was honored again by being elected supreme delegate to represent the state of Ohio at the supreme council convention, to be held in New York, October 9, 1900.

Yellow Cross company, U. R, K. of P., held a meeting Thursday night to determine what should be done with the $200 prize money obtained at East Liverpool on July 4, and the $1,000 at Detroit last week. It was voted after discussion that the thirty-nine members be given $30 each, and that the remainder be placed in the treasury.—Alliance Leader.

Invitations have been received in the city for the marriage of Miss Mabel Nunamaker, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Nunamaker, of Louisville, O., to Dr. Marion Eugene Le Galley, which will take place in the First Reformed church, at Louisville, on Wednesday evening, September 12, at 6.30 o'clock. The couple will be at home at 24 Park avenue, Norwalk. Miss Nunamaker is well known in this city, having been a teacher in the Massillon public schools for a number of years, which position she has recently resigned.

At the annual meeting of the Sunday school board of the First M. E. church, held Friday evening, September 7, the following officers were elected to serve the school for the ensuing year, dating from October 1, 1900. Superintendent, William Johns; assistant superintendents, T. Harvey Smith and Mrs. Dr. Pumphrey, secretary. Charles O. Yost; treasurer, George Kinne; librarian, J. J. Hoover; assistant librarians, Ormond Hankins and William Griffith. The treasurer reported $73 in the current fund, $182 in the piano fund and $111 in the missionary fund.

Thomas Austin, steward of the Cleveland state hospital, arrived in the city at noon. Mr. Austin says that arrangements have been completed for the removal of a large number of patients from the Cleveland institution to the Massillon asylum on next Saturday. They will be brought here on a special train. Many of the attaches of the hospital, including the members of the base ball club, will accompany the patients. A base ball contest with the Massillon asylum's team will take place at the grounds. The original arrangement was to remove the patients here on next Tuesday.

Superintending Millwright Haulman and a force of wrights have arrived in the city from Chambersburg, Pa., and has begun the work of remodeling the mill of the West Side Milling Company, in West Tremont street. As a result the mill has suspended operations and will remain shut down for twenty or thirty days. All of the machinery which will be set up in place of the old is the most modern obtainable, and the work of placing it in position is being pushed forward with all possible speed. The alterations and improvement, besides enabling the company to put out an unsurpassed grade of flour, will greatly increase the capacity of the mill.

Commissioners W. K. George, J. H. French and C. Bowman, of Columbiana, and R. B. Crawford, J. B. Summer and L. W. Johnson met today at the Hotel Keplinger and opened bids on constructing the new water tower at Fairmount Home. Superintendent Southworth was also present at the meeting. The Massillon Bridge Company was lowest bidder, and the contract was awarded this concern at the price of $4,300. The other bidder was the Penn. Bridge Company, of Beaver Falls. This first presented two bids. The first was based on the plans and specifications already adopted, the price being $4,700. The second was on plans of the bidder, the figure being $4,470.—Alliance Review.

TO SUCCEED HIMSELF.

Board of Education Reappoints L. L. Nave as City Examiner.

The board of education met in special session in its room in South Erie street on Friday evening, Mrs. Shoemaker, Messrs. Johns, Humberger and Fox and Superintendent Jones being the members present. All bills presented were ordered paid on the motion of Mr. Johns. The committee on teachers recommended that Miss Martha Mong be engaged as teacher in the high school in the place of Miss Anna Smith, resigned. Superintendent Jones called the attention of the board to the fact that the term of L. L. Nave as a member of the city board of examiners had expired on August 31. On motion of Mr. Fox, Mr. Nave was re-elected for another term of three years. The other members of the board are I. M. Taggart and Superintendent Jones. Mr. Johns, of the committee on buildings, reported that the various school houses are in good shape and are ready for the accommodation of pupils on Monday. The board adjourned until September 28.

AT THE HYMENEAL ALTAR.

James Moore and Miss Floretta Hartman Married—Seiffert-Haley.

James Moore, of this city, and Miss Floretta Hartman, of West Brookfield, were married at the apartments of the Rev and Mrs. F. H. Simpson, in the Oakland, at 7 o'clock Thursday evening, Mr. Simpson officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Moore will reside in Massillon.

SEIFFERT-HALEY.

BEACH CITY, Sept 7.—Burton Seiffert and Miss Minnie Haley, immediately after their marriage by the Rev. Mr Noble, of Wilmot, Tuesday, left on a wedding tour through Pennsylvania. They will return in a week and will reside in this town. Mrs. Seiffert is well known in Massillon, having frequently visited in that city. Mr. Seiffert is in the milling business.

Competitive Examintion to U. S' Naval Academy.

A competitive examination to select a principal and alternate cadet to enter the U. S. Naval Academy from the 18th congressional district, has been called by Congressman Tayler, and will be held in room No. 8 high school building, Alliance, O., on Saturday, September 22. Candidates must be actual residents of the district, and the minimum age of admission of cadets to the academy shall be fifteen years, and maximum age twenty years. Further information respecting the examination may be had by writing to Hon. R. W. Tayler, Lisbon, O.

Slusser's Vegetable Liver Pills "are as good as any, better'n some." Try them. 25c. for box of 35 pills. Sold by all druggists Every bottle guaranteed.

The emergency bags sent by a church society to Kansas soldiers in the Philippines contained among the necessities a box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the well known cure for piles, injuries and skin diseases The ladies took care to obtain the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, knowing that all the counterfeits are worthless. Rider & Snyder; C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

To prevent consumption quickly cure throat and lung troubles with One Minute Cough Cure. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street.

Half the World in Darkness

as to the cause of their ill health. If they would start to treat their kidneys with Foley's Kidney Cure, the weariness of body and mind, backache and rheumatic pains would disappear. Rider & Snyder

Large sun spots, the astronomers say, caused the extreme heat this summer, and doctors declare nearly all the prostrations were induced by disorders of the stomach. Good health follows good digestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. If you have indigestion or dyspepsia it will quickly relieve and permanently cure you. Rider & Snyder: C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street.

Low Priced Farms.

Send stamp for list of 100 farms at very low prices; all sizes, in Ashtabula county. Best county in the state—best state in the Union. Address, H. N. Bancroft & Company, Jefferson, Ashtabula Co., Ohio.

Foley's Kidney Cure

is a pure medicine, and contains in concentrated form, remedies recognized by the most skilful of the medical profession as the most effective agents for the cure of kidney and bladder diseases. Rider & Snyder.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are prompt, palatable, pleasant, powerful, purifying little pills. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street.

Itchness of the skin, horrible plague. Everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never falling cure—Doan's Ointment. 50 cents.

EVERY PENNY THERE

Examiners Make Report on County Treasury.

AN EXCELLENT SYSTEM

The Members of the Board Compliment Treasurer Smith and Deputy Snyder—The Stark County Fair Closes—Republicans Go to Youngstown—Other News.

CANTON, Sept. 8.—Ira H. Everhard, of Canton, and Robert W. McCaughey, of Massillon, appointed by Probate Judge Aungst as a board for the semi-annual examination of the treasury of Stark county and the city of Canton, have completed their written report, and filed the same with the probate judge on Saturday morning. The examiners found every penny in its place, and have naught but words of praise for the able manner in which the offices of the office have been conducted by Treasurer T. H. Smith, assisted by his competent deputy, Royal Snyder. Both of the latter officials were complimented upon the excellent system found prevailing in the office, which made the examination a matter of simplicity. "The books were indeed nicely kept," said Mr. McCaughey to an INDEPENDENT representative today. "The most exacting can take no exceptions to the condition in which we found everything."

The examiners say that in the counting of the money they found that $39,346.38 was the amount remaining in the county treasury, and $90,423.82 in that of the city of Canton. The books show that several of the funds in the county treasury have been overdrawn, to a total amount of $31,874.85, the overdrafts being distributed as follows: County fund, $27,935.72; ditch fund, $3,039.93; Dow fund, $454.24; workhouse, $444.96. Many of the other funds have substantial balances left, with a total of $71,221.23. This is divided among the following funds: Infirmary, $19,643.83; children's home, $9,389.90; bridge, $5,011.37; building, $11,559.51; sheep fund, $2,539.56; teachers' institute, $849.16; soldiers' relief, $4,390.91; school, $49.10; agricultural society, $500; interest and debt, $8,926.83; election, $1,317.03, taxes collected since settlement, $838.30; Dow tax, $1,482.66; outstanding county warrants, $4,723.07. Recapitulation of these various amounts and of the money to the credit of the various city funds in the books gives a total of $129,770.20 in the treasury, which is identical with the amount counted by the examiners, and corresponds to the cent with the books and vouchers of Auditor Reed.

The Stark county fair for 1900 closed on Friday, with a fair attendance considering the fact that the day was the last of the fair, and today but few of the exhibits remain on the sites that have been theirs for the past four days, and the directors are buried behind the pile of figures that are soon to tell the tale whether or not the association will come out ahead in a financial way. Secretary Lehman states that the board has excellent hopes on coming out even.

The number of Canton Republicans in attendance at the opening of the Republican campaign in Youngstown today, is not as large as was anticipated. About one hundred and fifty citizens, in addition to the Grand Army band, were aboard of the special train that rolled out of the W & L. E. depot at 9 o'clock. Several reasons are advanced for the small turnout. One is that many business men were unable to leave the city owing to the fact that it was Saturday. Inability to secure a low rate, it is said, also kept many home.

The Stark county bar list and docket for the September term of common pleas court is out of the hands of the printer and is now ready for distribution. One new name, that of the Hon. W. W. Hole, who takes his seat on the common pleas bench, appears on the list of court officials whose names grace the cover. The number of cases on the docket is 288, against 270 during the May term.

About four hundred members of the sporting fraternity saw the athletic carnival at Schlitz's music hall on Friday night Interest centered in the fifteen-round go between Dick Moore, of St. Paul, and Billy Moore, of Canton. The men boxed the entire fifteen rounds, Referee Ed. McKean, of Cleveland, awarding the decision to "Dick." The other bout was between Billy Philips, of Saginaw Mich., and Denny Gallagher, of Cleveland. Gallagher was knocked out in the fourth. Joe Holland officiated as timekeeper.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Mary Holtzbach to Alice Williams, lot 2732, third ward, Massillon, $1,000.

John R. Walters to John Harmon, 18-100 acres, Tuscarawas township, $75.

John C. Albright to Malvina Albright, lots 1 and 2, Albright's addition to city of Massillon, $800.

John Urschel to John Kreichbaum, 2 acres in Bethlehem township, $736.

BACK TO COLLEGE.

Students Who Spent Their Vacations Here, Return.

Merwin Rubright, of Hartville, brother of Aaron Rubright, who has been spending his vacation in this city, as the assistant of Dr. C. O. Carr, left today for Columbus to resume his studies at the Ohio Medical College, from which institution he will graduate as a dentist in April. Alvin Schott and William Morris, who are students at the Ohio State University, will return to Columbus next week. Stanley M. Baltzly, of this city, will this fall begin the pharmaceutical course at the Ohio State University.

The Vampire Bat.

South America, especially Venezuela, is the home of the vampire bat, that horrible animal whose blood sucking propensities are so well known. In Venezuela the vampire when caught is often made the subject of an experiment that is as curious as it is cruel, though in connection with such a loathsome animal as this giant bat the cruelty is rather naturally lost sight of by the people who have to suffer from its ravages.

The vampire is captured in a thick cloth. It is then taken out, and through its two extended wings nails are driven, securing the animal to a door or a wooden paling. A cigarette is then lighted and placed in the bat's mouth. At once the animal's eyes shine strangely, and it begins to puff the smoke in and out with frenzied gasps, its actions being exactly those of the most hardened smoker, keeping firm hold of the cigarette the while between its sharp, deadly teeth. When the cigarette is nearly finished, a blow on the head puts an end to the animal's existence.

The extraordinary part of the experiment lies in the fact that the bat does not at once reject the cigarette, as he is of course at liberty to do. There are many who affirm that the bat really does enjoy the tobacco. The probability is that the animal is so maddened by fear and pain that he puffs away unreasoningly and fiercely, his instinct telling him that in the properties of the tobacco lies oblivion.

An Odd Sort of Dinner.

Lord Polkemmet, a Scottish lord of session, usually retired to his country residence during the part of the year when the court does no business. John Hagart, the Scottish advocate, equally idle from a similar cause, went to shoot, and, happening to pass Lord P.'s property, he met his lordship, who politely invited John to take, or, as he said, to tak', a family dinner with himself, his wife and daughter.

John accepted the invitation, and they all assembled at the hour of dinner. There was a joint of roasted veal at the head of the table and stewed veal at the bottom, veal soup in the middle, calf's head on one side of the soup and veal cutlets on the other, calf's foot jelly between the soup and roast veal and calf's brains between the stewed veal and the soup.

"Noo," said his lordship in his own blunt way, "Mr. Hagart, you may very likely think this an odd sort of dinner, but ye'll no wonder when you hear the cause of it. We keep nae company, Mr. Hagart, and my daughter here caters for our table. The way we do is just this: We kill a beast, as it were, today, and we just begin to cook it at one side of the head, travel down that side, turn the tail and just gang back again by the other side to where we began."

Oriental Humor.

Some of the similes used by oriental advertisers are as remarkable for humor and naivete as even those of the immortal Sam Weller. Here are one or two specimens which have recently appeared in eastern newspapers:

"Goods dispatched as expeditiously as a cannon ball."

"Parcels done up with as much care as that bestowed on her husband by a loving wife."

"Paper tough as elephant's hide."

"The print of our books is clear as crystal; the matter elegant as a singing girl."

"Customers treated as politely as by the rival steamship companies."

"Silks and satins smooth as a lady's cheek and colored like the rainbow."—London Answers.

The Wag and Mr. Fresh.

Mr. Fresh—What's the best thing you ever read on mules?

The Wag—This:

The traveler observes at Ems as he passes—
Here, as elsewhere, the women run after asses!

Fresh—That's good. Who wrote it?

Wag—Why, Owen Meredith, and let me tell you he knew his business.

Fresh—Who was it said, "When you see a beautiful woman, run?"

Wag—Old man Socrates, the wisest rat in the Athenian barn.

Fresh—Was he?

Wag—Sure, but the trouble is the boys run the wrong way.—Atlanta Journal.

FREE THIS BEAUTIFUL ...PARIS EXPOSITION... SOUVENIR SPOON FREE

This Cut is an Exact Representation of Original Spoon.

Guaranteed to be the handsomest ever imported into this country; made of Solid Silver, Plated, with cup of Spoon lined with Gold and richly engraved; will be sent absolutely FREE by mail, postage prepaid, to every reader of THE MASSILLON INDEPENDENT sending us 25 cents in silver or stamps for a six (6) months' subscription to the Cincinnati Weekly Gazette the oldest and best edited newspaper in this country, established fifty years.

The regular six (6) months' subscription to the Weekly Gazette is alone worth double the money we are asking; but, in order to place our subscription beyond the 500,000 mark, we have decided upon this most liberal gift. Bear in mind, these Spoons are souvenirs of the Great Paris Exposition, and it will be a great pleasure for all who are not able to attend this great affair to have in their possession one of these Beautiful Souvenir Spoons.

Remember, this offer is made with the further understanding that any person finding the Spoon other than just as represented may have money returned.

P. S.—References: Postmaster, any mercantile Agency, Express Company or Banks. Address THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

NOTE—This is a bona fide offer and we are advised that the supply of these "Beautiful Souvenir Spoons" is limited, and it is suggested you get your order in at once.—EDITOR.

You can spell it cough, coff, caugh, kauf, kaff, kough, or kaugh, but the only harmless remedy that quickly cures it is One Minute Cough Cure. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street.

A good many consumptives would be cured and the worst cases comforted and relieved by using Foley's Honey and Tar. Suggest it to those afflicted. You should do this as a friend. Rider & Snyder.

Want Column ads. pay. Try it.

No Relief for 20 Years.

"I had bronchitis for twenty years," said Mrs. Minerva Smith, of Danville, Ill., "and at times have been bedfast. I never got relief until I had taken Foley's Honey and Tar. It is pleasant and gives quick relief, and is a sure cure for throat and lung diseases." Take nothing else. Rider & Snyder.

HUSTLING YOUNG MAN can make $60 per month and expenses. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. Write quick for particulars. Clark & Co., 4th and Locust Sts., Phila., Pa.

GENERAL ILL HEALTH,

DISEASE with no specific name, which seems to combine stomach disorder, heart trouble, blood disorder and a host of other ills, and which can be described only by saying you feel "all knocked out" and "good for nothing," means that your kidneys are overburdened and need relief.

Kidney derangement is almost always at the bottom of general ill health. Your doctor knows this, but he usually treats the various symptoms one at a time.

Foley's Guaranteed Kidney Cure gets at the bottom of these troubles and cures them all at once.

You run no risk. Satisfactory results are guaranteed.

For cuts, bruises or sores BANNER SALVE is best.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

Humberger's

We show this week the first arrival of

Ladies' and Misses'

Fall Jackets,

GOLF and PLUSH CAPES.

The styles are beautiful. Very low prices are being made to start the season.

Another big lot of

TORCHON LACES

At 5 and 8 cents, worth as high as 20c See them this week.

HUMBERGERS'

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

All School Books

REQUIRED FOR CITY AND COUNTRY SCHOOLS:

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CAN BE HAD AT

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FROM THE SCHOOL-ROOM INTO THE BUSINESS OFFICE.

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Massillon Actual Business College.

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